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	Kod ucznia								
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	Dzień		Miesiąc		Rok				
pieczętka WKK	DATA URODZENIA UCZNIA								

KONKURS JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO DLA UCZNIÓW GIMNAZJUM ETAP WOJEWÓDZKI

Drogi Uczniu!

Witaj na III etapie konkursu z języka angielskiego. Przeczytaj uważnie instrukcję i postaraj się prawidłowo odpowiedzieć na wszystkie pytania.

- Arkusz liczy 8 stron i zawiera 8 zadań.
- Przed rozpoczęciem pracy sprawdź czy Twój test jest kompletny. Jeżeli zauważysz usterki, zgłoś ten fakt Komisji Konkursowej.
- Zadania czytaj uważnie i ze zrozumieniem.
- Odpowiedzi wpisuj czarnym lub niebieskim długopisem bądź piórem.
- Dbaj o czytelność pisma i precyzję odpowiedzi.
- W przypadku testu wyboru prawidłową odpowiedź zaznacz stawiając znak **X** na literze poprzedzającej treść wybranej odpowiedzi.
- Nie używaj korektora. Jeżeli pomylisz się, błędne zaznaczenie otocz kółkiem i zaznacz znakiem **X** inną odpowiedź.
- Oceniane będą tylko odpowiedzi, które zostały umieszczone w miejscu do tego przeznaczonym.
- Brudnopis nie będzie oceniany.

Czas pracy:

90 minut

Liczba punktów
możliwych

do uzyskania:

66

Pracuj samodzielnie.

Powodzenia!

Zadanie 1 (0-10)

Uzupełnij zdania wybierając i zakreślając właściwą odpowiedź: a, b, c lub d.

- 1 There were only four horses in the , but my horse didn't come first!
A) game B) match C) race D) play
- 2 If hard, you'll pass your exams.
A) you work B) you'll work C) you don't work D) you won't work
- 3 Harper's is expensive shop in town.
A) most B) the most C) more D) the more
- 4 My brother is older than me.
A) much B) many C) more D) most
- 5 I'm not very good playing the piano.
A) in B) at C) on D) for
- 6 You drink too much coffee before you go to bed.
A) should B) should to C) shouldn't D) shouldn't to
- 7 I don't mind working hours.
A) long B) large C) big D) grand
- 8 Take an umbrella. It
A) might rain B) might rains C) might to rain D) might raining
- 9 We didn't go last weekend. We stayed at home.
A) something B) anything C) somewhere D) anywhere
- 10 'Have you closed all the windows?' 'Yes,'
A) I've B) I've closed C) I have D) I have closed

Zadanie 2.(0-10)

Odpowiedz na pytania zakreślając właściwą odpowiedź A, B, C lub D.

1. What is the name of the most famous and expensive shop in London?
A) Macy's B) Woolworth's C) Harrods D) Marks and Spencer
2. What is Ben Nevis?
A) river B) mountain C) lake D) city
3. What is the United Kingdom made up of?
A) England, Scotland and Wales B) England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland
C) England and Scotland D) England, Scotland, Wales and Ireland
4. Who is the patron saint of England?
A) St. Patrick B) St. Andrew C) St. Michael D) St. George

5. What is the British Flag commonly known as?
A) St. George's cross B) the White, Red and Blue C) the Union Jack
D) the Common Flag
6. What is the capital of Wales?
A) Belfast B) Cardiff C) Swansea D) Glasgow
7. Who lives at 10 Downing Street?
A) The Prime Minister B) the Prince of Wales C) the Queen
D) Sherlock Holmes
8. In which town was Shakespeare born?
A) Brighton B) Stratford-upon-Avon C) Oxford D) Bath
9. What is a double-decker?
A) a taxi B) a bus C) a burger D) a ship
10. Where are the crown jewels kept?
A) Buckingham Palace B) Windsor castle C) Westminster Abbey
D) the Tower of London

Zadanie 3. (0-10)

Uzupełnij zdania wstawiając właściwy przyimek.

1. mistake, I dialled a wrong number.
2. general, I think it is correct. However, there are some minor mistakes.
3. The teacher asked us to learn the poem heart.
4. Can you tell me more your new friend.
5. I am busy the moment. We can talk later today.
6. I stayed in a beautiful hotel London.
7. The students went to the cinema Tuesday.
8. I like sunbathing summer.
9. Kate's classroom is the second floor.
10. Do you like listening music?

Zadanie 4.(0-5)

Uzupełnij poniższe zdania w taki sposób, aby nowopowstałe zdanie odzwierciedlało treść zdania wyjściowego. Każde zdanie możesz uzupełnić od 1 do 3 wyrazów.

1. It is four weeks since my friends moved into their new house.

My friends moved into their new house.....

2. She said her new school was quite near the town center.

She said her new school wasn't very the town center.

3. This car is faster than their old car.

Their old car wasn't as this car.

4. This room needs painting.

They must get someone to the room.

5. We are very lucky that our friends are so nice.

We are very lucky to have..... nice friends.

Zadanie 5. (0-5)

Przeczytaj poniższy tekst i wybierz właściwe odpowiedzi do zadania znajdującego się pod tekstem.

The world's first stamp with a million price tag has been put up for sale. It looks set to join the exclusive world of fine art, classic cars and French furniture.

The stamp is the legendary Mauritius 'Penny Red' (it is, in fact, deep orange). Only fifteen are known to exist, and although most are in museums, or the British Royal collection, those being sold are claimed to be the finest in existence.

The stamp is expensive, not just because it is rare but also because of the date and a printing error. The Mauritius 'Penny Red' was issued in 1847, seven years after the world's first stamp, the much more common 'Penny Black'. It was the first stamp of the British colony and was contemporaneous with the first American stamp.

Its printing error is in wording. It should have read 'Post Paid' but, according to legend, a poor-sighted, forgetful watchmaker who engraved the plates wrote instead 'Post Office'. As a result, the stamp was only used for one function: to enable the wife of the Governor of Mauritius to send the invitations to a ball. Then it was withdrawn.

The 'Penny Reds' are being sold as part of break-up of possibly the greatest stamp collection in the world, put together since the Second World War by two brothers, Raymond and Roger Weill of New Orleans.

They bought two stamps in 1968 for what was then a record price of \$380,000. Had that sum been left on deposit in a bank, it would now be worth at least £1,5 million, reflecting the fact that the stamp market has not done nearly so well in recent years as other investments, such as fine art.

1. The 'Penny Reds' in the Weill collection
 - a) are the only ones still existing
 - b) are without doubt the best still existing
 - c) are possibly the best still existing
 - d) are not as good as the ones in the British royal collection
2. The 'Penny Red' is valuable
 - a) for three reasons
 - b) because there is a printing mistake on it
 - c) because it is actually deep orange in colour
 - d) because it was the first ever American stamp
3. The man who engraved the stamp
 - a) was a poor watchmaker
 - b) could not spell
 - c) was not very careful
 - d) wanted to dance with the Governor's wife
4. After the ball
 - a) the stamps were re-printed with the words 'Post Office'
 - b) the watchmaker was withdrawn from service
 - c) the Governor realised there was a mistake
 - d) the stamps were not used again
5. The money the Weills spent on stamps in 1968
 - a) would have been better invested in a bank
 - b) pushed up prices on the stamp market
 - c) would not have done so well if invested in fine art
 - d) was not a particularly high price to pay for stamps at the time

Zadanie 6. (0-5)

Ułóż poprawne pytania z rozsypanych wyrazów.

1. to, going, game, what, the, is, time, start

----- ?

2. ride, do, you, what, of, bicycle, kind

----- ?

3. your, why, toe, bleeding, is

----- ?

4. long, wash, take, to, car, how, it, does, your

----- ?

5. to, going, first, he, walk, the, moon, on, the, be, is, to

----- ?

Zadanie 7. (0-11)

Przeczytaj tekst I uzupełnij luki wybierając właściwą odpowiedź a, b, c lub d.

Asa Sherpa has climbed Mount Everest more times than (1) _____ else in the world. Last year, he (2) _____ the world record by climbing the world's highest mountain for the twenty-first time. (3) _____, he says he won't be able to do it again, because the mountain is becoming (4) _____ dangerous to climb. Asa first climbed the mountain (5) _____ 1989 at the age of 12. He worked as a porter, carrying supplies for trekkers. When he first climbed the mountain, there was (6) _____ of snow and ice up there. Now there is much (7) _____ snow, and more bare rock. Asa is (8) _____ about the lack of snow. (9) _____ snow to hold the rocks in place, there are more rockfalls. Melting ice makes big holes, and these make (10) _____ up the mountain very dangerous. Also, climbers slip more (11) _____ on rock than on snow.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|-----------------|---------------|------------|
| 1) | A) everyone | B) anyone | C) someone | D) another |
| 2) | A) hit | B) made | C) broke | D) caught |
| 3) | A) Also | B) Because | C) Afterwards | D) However |
| 4) | A) much | B) too | C) such | D) even |
| 5) | A) in | B) on | C) at | D) from |
| 6) | A) lot | B) several | C) plenty | D) much |
| 7) | A) less | B) little | C) fewer | D) more |
| 8) | A) angry | B) disappointed | C) worried | D) afraid |
| 9) | A) Because | B) Without | C) Unless | D) Since |
| 10) | A) trips | B) rides | C) tours | D) visits |
| 11) | A) easily | B) carelessly | C) badly | D) clearly |

Zadanie 8 (0 - 10 punktów)

Przeczytaj poniższy tekst i zdecyduj czy zdania podane pod tekstem są prawdziwe (TRUE) czy fałszywe (FALSE). Obok zdań wpisz poprawną odpowiedź: TRUE lub FALSE.

Visit Angkor Wat

Siem Reap is a small town near the world famous temple of Angkor Wat. The town is charming and worth exploring, with some fine examples of Khmer and French colonial architecture set among the more modern developments. Nowadays, visitors are flocking in, using it as a base for visits to the nearby temples.

A Carved City

From the 9th to the 14th centuries, when Europe was still struggling out of the Dark Ages, the Cambodian Empire of Angkor covered most of present-day Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam, and Thailand. The heart of this empire during the 12th century was the ancient capital of Angkor Thom, near present day Siem Reap, the site of the world's largest temple complexes, which were rediscovered in 1861. This spectacular city was built over 30 years under the reign of King Suryavarman II (1113-1150). The area covers about 400 square kilometers and is full of the finest examples of Khmer art and architecture. Tourists are always amazed at the scale of the place.

In Angkor Wat you will find more than 100 stone monuments and temple buildings, each of which contains countless statues, sculptures and reliefs that have weathered extremely little over the last 800 years. To see the whole thing can take several days. The most important temples to visit in the area are Angkor Wat, especially at sunrise or sunset; Angkor Thom, the remains of the capital; Ta Prohm, a palace overgrown by jungle; and Bayon.

Getting a visa

Visas are required to enter Cambodia. You can obtain one on arrival at Siem Reap International Airport for \$20, and 1 passport photo is required per person. You will also need another passport photo for the Angkor Temple Entrance Pass. Please ensure you take comfortable walking shoes, light clothing and plenty of water to drink as it is very hot there. The most commonly accepted currency in Cambodia is the US dollar.

1. Most people visit Siem Reap because of the temples in the area. _____
2. In the 9th to the 14th centuries, Europe was more advanced than Cambodia. _____
3. Angkor Wat was the capital of the Cambodian empire. _____
4. It took many decades to build the capital. _____
5. The stonework of Angkor Wat is in poor condition today. _____
6. It'll take a couple of days to see everything. _____
7. Dawn and dusk are particularly good times to visit Angkor Wat. _____
8. You must get a visa before flying to Siem Reap. _____
9. You will need a couple of passport photos. _____
10. The US dollar is widely accepted in Cambodia. _____

Brudnopis