

.....										
	Kod ucznia									
			-			-				
	Dzień			Miesiąc			Rok			
pieczętka WKK	DATA URODZENIA UCZNI									

**KONKURS JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO
DLA UCZNIÓW GIMNAZJUM**

Etap Wojewódzki

Drogi Uczniu

Witaj na III etapie konkursu języka angielskiego. Przeczytaj uważnie instrukcję.

- Arkusz liczy 6 stron i zawiera 6 zadań oraz brudnopis.
- Przed rozpoczęciem pracy sprawdź, czy Twój arkusz jest kompletny. Jeżeli zauważysz usterki, zgłoś je Komisji Konkursowej.
- Zadania czytaj uważnie i ze zrozumieniem.
- Odpowiedzi wpisuj czarnym lub niebieskim długopisem bądź piórem.
- Dbaj o czytelność pisma i precyzję odpowiedzi.
- Jeśli się pomylisz, przekreśl niewłaściwą odpowiedź i wpisz poprawną.

Czas pracy:

90 minut

Liczba punktów
możliwych do
uzyskania:

50

Powodzenia!

Zadanie 1 (0-10 pkt)

Uzupełnij luki w tekście pojedynczymi słowami, tak, aby tekst był logiczny i poprawny.

How to win friends and not be a nuisance to colleagues

The worst sins that office workers can commit in the eyes of colleagues are interrupting people (0) on the phone, talking loudly in front of somebody's desk and arriving late (1) a meeting. It is almost as bad to eat at your desk, (2) personal calls or leave coffee cups (3) around, according to *Officetalk*, a guide published by the Industrial Society, which lists the 30 traits most likely to annoy colleagues.

High (4) the list are signing on at someone else's computer terminal (5) signing off afterwards, messing up the photocopier (6) jamming the paper or leaving it set to produce 25 copies. Reading newspapers, chewing gum, keeping fluffy toys or ornaments on your desk, and putting up holiday photos or supposedly witty slogans all invite disapproval. Also unpopular are (7) who never fetch a colleague a drink from the machine, or who (8) to hold the door open when others are approaching. Such conduct, according to the guide's author, Judi James, not only gives you unprofessional image (9) is simply anti-social and may result (10) dismissal.

Zadanie 2 (0- 10 pkt)

Zaznacz poprzez otoczenie kółkiem właściwe słowo lub zwrot.

1. For years she had of meeting her long-lost sister.
A imagined B wished C planned D dreamed
2. The children were with a family far from their parents' home.
A brought up B risen C grown up D upkept
3. all his problems, he remained an optimist.
A Although B Despite C Nevertheless D As for
4. being a film director, he also wrote detective stories.
A Apart B Instead C Whereas D Besides
5. She spends a deal of her time at work.
A large B great C big D high
6. The judge the gangsters to eight years in prison.
A accused B convicted C condemned D sentenced
7. The wound in his arm took a long time to
A heal B treat C cure D recover
8. Serious health problems can stress overload.
A due to B result from C be caused D come off
9. None of the stories he told you were true. He
A picked them out B put them up C worked them out D made them up
10. He is the most generous person I know.
A a lot B quite C by far D certain

Zadanie 3 (0-6)

Przekształć podane zdania w taki sposób, aby możliwie najbliższej zachować ich znaczenie oraz wykorzystać słowa podane pogrubioną czcionką. Pamiętaj, aby niczego nie zmieniać we fragmentach już podanych.

1. A few centuries ago almost nobody spoke English.
hardly
A few centuries ago English was anybody.
2. I don't like it when foreigners use English expressions in their own language.
approve
I do not English expressions in their own language.
3. He speaks too quickly for me to understand him.
enough
He for me to understand him.
4. It took them three months to prepare for the expedition.
spent
They ready for the expedition.
5. This computer is useless to me, so you can have it.
use
This computer is to me, so you can have it.
6. It's nearly lunchtime, so would you like to eat something?
feel
It's nearly lunchtime, so to eat?

Zadanie 4 (0-9 pkt)

Uzpełnij luki słowami podanymi poniżej.

a) carnivores herbivores omnivores

1. Gorillas, monkeys and giraffes are examples of _____. They consume only plants.
2. Most animals are _____ as their diet consists mainly of meat.
3. Humans as well as chicken or pigs are _____ as they eat both animals and plants.

b) editorial headline caption

1. The lines under a photograph which explain what it is about are called a(n) _____.
2. A(n) _____ is an article on a current, hot topic, written by the editor.
3. The title of a newspaper article printed in large letters, especially at the top of the front page is a(n) _____.

c) switch vary adjust

1. You can _____ the height of the chair by pulling here.
2. It is not very clear when Poland will _____ to euro.
3. Prices of trips _____ according to the time you want to travel and the standard of the hotel.

Zadanie 5 (0-5 pkt)

Wybierz i otocz kółkiem zwroty stosowne w podanych sytuacjach językowych.

1. A: Guess what? Jane is in town.
B: a I kind of like it!
b No, really?
2. A: I'm sorry to trouble you, but you didn't give me all the tickets.
B: a It's about time you did something about it, isn't it?
b I'm terribly sorry about that! I'll see to it as soon as possible.
3. A: I decided to start exercising.
B: a Good for you!
b It's not as bad as it seems.
4. A: Have you heard that they are building a road through the local wood?
B: a I don't think. Bad news, isn't it?
b Oh, it's just horrible.
5. A: Does it worry you?
B: a The very thought of it makes me sick.
b I'm afraid I don't.

Zadanie 6

Połącz słowa z lewej strony ze słowami z prawej w taki sposób, aby otrzymać nazwiska sławnych osób, miejsc, zjawisk, etc.

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| 1. SAINT | a. CITY |
| 2. EDMUND | b. COLUMBA |
| 3. LAKE | c. McFLY |
| 4. VICS and | d. BECKS |
| 5. MARTY | e. SLANG |
| 6. ROMAN | f. BAGPIPES |
| 7. THE BIG | g. ROADS |
| 8. WINDY | h. HILLARY |
| 9. SCOTTISH | i. APPLE |
| 10. COCKNEY | j. POETS |

Tu zaznacz odpowiedzi:

1

2

3

4.....

5

6

7

8

9

10

Brudnopis